Conflict of Interest

Inge De Lepeleire is an employee of MSD (Europe) Inc.





IMPACT OF CHOLINERGIC TONE ON THE BINDING OF PET TRACER [¹¹C]MK-6884, A POSITIVE ALLOSTERIC MODULATOR OF M4 ACETYLCHOLINE RECEPTOR IN MONKEYS AND HEALTHY ELDERLY VOLUNTEERS

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Study outline

- [¹¹C]MK-6884 PET study in Rhesus Monkeys
- Human PK/PD model of plasma Donepezil (DPZ) concentrations vs Striatal Binding Potential (BP_{ND})
- [¹¹C]MK-6884 PET study in Healthy Elderly Volunteers (HVs)

To assess indirect, allosteric modulatory effects of Donepezil on binding of [¹¹C]MK-6884 to striatal M4 PAM sites



Background

[¹¹C]MK-6884 :

- Positive Allosteric Modulator of Muscarinic M4 Acetylcholine (ACh) receptors (M4 PAM)
- Novel PET tracer to inform on altered binding of M4PAM drugs in function of central cholinergic tone

Donepezil (DPZ) :

- Acetylcholinesterase (AChE) inhibitor for treatment of cognitive deficits in AD
- Increases brain ACh concentrations



P.J. Conn et al., Nature Rev. Drug Discov. (2009) 8, 41



[¹¹C]MK-6884 In Vivo Characterization in Rhesus Monkeys



Proprietary

Specific binding signal of [¹¹C]MK-6884 in monkey striatal region



Cholinergic Tone Impacts Binding of [¹¹C]MK-6884 in Rhesus Monkeys

Striatal BP_{ND} vs DPZ Dose

Striatal BP_{ND} vs % inhibition of Brain AChE Activity



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PK/PD modeling to Inform Human PET study

Inhibition of AChE activity in RBCs and cortex vs DPZ Cp

Simulations of DPZ Cp and brain AChE inhibition

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Phase 1 Study Outline

2 cohorts of n= 4 HVs each (age 57-64 yrs) 3 PET/CT scans ([¹¹C]MK-6884 : ~300MBq, mass \leq 4.9 µg per scan) PK (DPZ Cp) and PD (RBC-AChE activity) at each scan



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Effects of Donepezil on the Striatal BP_{ND} of [¹¹C]MK-6884 in HVs

PET-MR Fusion Parametric Images





Donepezil dose-dependently enhances the Striatal BP_{ND} of [¹¹C]MK-6884 in HVs



Conclusions

- BP_{ND} of [¹¹C]MK-6884 in monkey and HV increased by DPZ
 - Concentration-dependent => consistent with influence of cholinergic tone on M4PAM binding.
- Increase in striatal BP_{ND} more pronounced in monkey vs human.
- Minimal number of PET scans for optimal characterization of effect of altered ACh tone on [¹¹C]MK-6884 binding in human.
- Evidence of potential utility of [¹¹C]MK-6884 for assessment of receptor occupancy of M4PAMs

Data could aid in development of a model that would inform dose adjustments of M4PAM compounds in AD patients who are taking AChEI, thereby avoiding the development of adverse events while providing maximal efficacy.



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